The Design and Implementation of KJSEmbed

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Introduction

- KJSEmbed is a light-weight wrapper around KJS
- Available for KDE 3 for a long time
- Some parts are moving into kdelibs for KDE 4
- Allows applications to easily embed KJS
- Allows creation of simple applications
- Not a full binding to the KDE APIs
- Aim is to be simple and lightweight rather than complete
A Brief History of Bindings

- Early binding systems were manual (XSUB for perl)
- Tools like SWIG were created that automated this
- These tools were good at binding C
- These first generation tools had little or no support for C++
- Can't override virtual methods
A Brief History of Bindings 2

- A second generation of bindings tools designed for C++
  - SIP (python)
  - Smoke (language independent)
- Designed for C++ (and Qt) from ground up
- Create a subclass of each wrapped class
- Support for reimplementing virtual methods
- Support for signals and slots
- Support for inheritance
• Falls somewhere between generations
• Intended only for scripting applications
• Not a full binding for C++ libraries
• Relies heavily on Qt features, not a general C++ solution
• Does not create a subclass of wrapped widgets
KJSEmbed/Qt3 Features

- Full access to all properties defined by any QObject
- Access enums defined by QObjects
- Call any slot
- Access slot return values (yes, slots can have return values)
- Connect signals to javascript methods
- Reimplement event handlers from javascript
- Understands inheritance so you can access bindings of the baseclass
- Support for loading UI files from designer
- Support for loading KParts
KJSEmbed/Qt3 Features

- All of the above you get free with any QObject, no binding effort required
- If you use QPROPERTY, Q_ENUMS and slots this is all free
- Also supports custom bindings for methods that are not slots
- Provides custom bindings for common non-QObject
- Tool to generate custom bindings
- Many example scripts from a basic calculator to a basic browser
- Lots of reference documentation
KJSEmbed/Qt3 Implementation

- Transparently converts basic types between javascript and C++
- Holds pointers as void *
- Tracks the type of the objects itself
- Casts back to the correct type on demand
- This leads to problems with multiple inheritance
- There are also some problems ensuring things are cleanly deleted
- Poor use of JS prototypes leading to unnecessary overhead

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• Despite lacking support for virtuals you can reimplement event handlers
• Implemented using Qt's event filters
• Detects when you assign to an event handler and installs the filter
• Uses a bitset to determine which events to filter
• Filtered events are passed to the javascript handler function
• Surprisingly fast – custom paint events work fine
• Lets us handle the most common case of virtual methods in Qt
KJSEmbed Qt 3 -> Qt4

- Attempt to keep the good parts of Qt 3 implementation but fix the problems
- Same design goals as Qt 3
- Make embedding the interpreter as easy as possible
- Keep things that worked well
- Try to make as much use of the QMetaObject as possible
- Keep the event handling mechanism as before
KJSEmbed/Qt4 Implementation

- Heavily template based
- Templates retain the real type information
- Uses template specialisation for types like QObject
- Retaining type information avoids multiple inheritance problem
- Lots of effort to ensure that startup is very fast
- Most of the features of the Qt 3 version are already implemented
- Simple scripts port with minimal changes

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- Plasma integration
- Getting people to use the code!
- Ability to load custom bindings on demand
- Isolate the user from direct interaction with KJS
- New automatic binding generator
- Adding a standard library of utility functions
- Improving documentation
- Creating some real world examples
- Considering the relationship with QSA 2